

Unit of Work: Folk Tales

Term: Autumn 1 Length: 3-4 weeks

Writing outcome: Innovation of The Lancashire Giant & presentation of innovated narrative to an audience using props, images, actions etc.

 Y3 Reading Key Learning Use prefixes to understand meanings e.g. 'un-', 'dis-', 'mis-', 're-'. Listening to and discussing a range of Y4 Reading Key Learning Use prefixes to understand meanings eg in, ir, sub, inter, super, anti, auto. Listen to, read and discuss a folk tale. 	Y3 Writing Key Learning Identify, select, generate and	Y4 Writing Key Learning Create sentences with fronted
 Retelling a range of stories, including less familiar fairy stories, fables and folk tales e.g. Grimm's Fairy Tales, Rudyard Kipling Just So Stories. Sequencing and discussing the main events in stories. Identifying and discussing themes e.g. good over evil, weak and strong, wise and foolish, mean and generous, rich and poor. Identifying and discussing conventions e.g. numbers three and seven in fairy tales, magical sentence repeated several times. Draw inferences around characters' thoughts, feelings and actions, and justify with evidence from the text. Raising questions during the reading process to deepen understanding e.g. I wonder why the character Retell a folk tale. Listen to, read and discuss a range of fiction, poetry, plays and non-fiction in different forms Listen to, read and discuss a range of fiction, poetry, plays and non-fiction in different forms Listen to, read and discuss a range of fiction, poetry, plays and non-fiction in different forms Identify, analyse and discuss themes e.g. safe and dangerous, just and unjust. Explain the meaning of key vocabulary within the context of the text. Make predictions based on information stated and implied. Draw inferences around characters' thoughts, feelings, actions and motives, and justify with evidence. Demonstrate active reading strategies and capture in reading journals eg generating questions, finding answers, refining thinking, modifying questions, constructing images. 	effectively use prepositions for where e.g. above, below, beneath, within, outside, beyond. Use inverted commas to punctuate direct speech (speech marks). Read and analyse narrative in order to plan and write their own versions. Create and develop plots based on a model. Discuss and propose changes with partners and in small groups. Use appropriate intonation, tone and volume to present their writing to a group or class.	 adverbials for when e.g. As the clock struck twelve, the soldiers sprang into action. Linking ideas within paragraphs e.g. fronted adverbials for when and where. Use commas to mark clauses in complex sentences. Use inverted commas and other punctuation to indicate direct speech e.g. The tour guide announced, "Be back here at four o' clock." Read and analyse a folk tale in order to plan and write their own versions. Discuss and record ideas for planning e.g. chunk a plot. Use appropriate intonation, tone and volume to present their writing to a range of audiences.

- Regional folk tales e.g. The Lancashire Giant Espresso.
- The Three Wishes.
- The Old Lady who lived in a Vinegar Bottle.
- The Tin Forest by Helen Ward.



Unit of Work: Biography Term: Autumn 1

Length: 2-3 weeks

Writing outcome: Biography of a regional/local hero.

Y3 Reading Key Learning	Y4 Reading Key Learning	Y3 Writing Key Learning	Y4 Writing Key Learning
 Listening to and discussing a range of biographies. Reading a range of biographies. Discussing the purpose of paragraphs. Identifying a key idea in a paragraph. Evaluating how specific information is organised within a non-fiction text e.g. text boxes, sub-headings, contents, bullet points, glossary, diagrams. Navigating texts in print and on screen. 	 Listening to, read and discussing a range of biographies. Identify main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and summarise these eg Clitheroe castle is a worthwhile place to visit because 1/2/3 reasons. Analyse and evaluate how specific information is organised within a non-fiction texts. Scan for dates, numbers and names. Navigate texts eg contents and index page to locate and retrieve information. Analyse and evaluate texts looking at language, structure and presentation and how these contribute to meaning. 	 Explore and identify main and subordinate clauses in complex sentences. Explore, identify and create complex sentences using a range of conjunctions e.g. while, after, before. Discussing and recording ideas for planning. Grouping related material into paragraphs. Using headings and sub headings to organise information. 	 Recap Y3 skill: Explore and identify main and subordinate clauses in complex sentences. Recap Y3 skill: Explore, identify and create complex sentences using a range of conjunctions e.g. if, while, since, after, before, so, although, until, in case. Discussing and recording ideas for planning e.g. story mountain, story map, text map, non-fiction bridge, story board, boxing-up text types to create a plan. Reading and analysing non-fiction and in order to plan and write their own. Identifying and discussing the purpose, audience, language and structures of non-fiction for writing. Organising paragraphs in non-fiction. Proofreading to check for errors in spelling, grammar and punctuation in own and others' writing. Discussing and proposing changes with partners and in small groups. Improving writing in light of evaluation

- Range of simple biographies including print and film versions.
 Stories from School Years BBC Class Clips (here).
- Link to Black History month in October



Unit of Work: Fables Term: Autumn 2 Length: 2-3 weeks

Writing outcome: Fable based on a structure.

Y3 Reading Key Learning	Y4 Reading Key Learning	Y3 Writing Key Learning	Y4 Writing Key Learning
 Use prefixes to understand meanings e.g. un-, dis-,-mis-, re Take account of punctuation, when reading. Retell a range of fables. Identify and discuss themes e.g. weak and strong, wise and foolish. Discuss their understanding of the text. Make predictions based on details. Draw inferences around characters thoughts, feelings and actions, and justify with evidence from the text. 	Use prefixes to understand meanings eg in, ir, sub, inter, super, anti, auto. Listen to, read and discuss a fable. Retell a range of fables. Use punctuation to determine intonation and expression when reading aloud to a range of audiences. Identify, analyse and discuss themes e.g. safe and dangerous, just and unjust. Explain the meaning of key vocabulary within the context of the text. Make predictions based on information stated and implied. Draw inferences around characters' thoughts, feelings, actions and motives, and justify with evidence from the text using point and evidence.	 Use the determiner a or an according to whether the next word begins with a consonant or vowel e.g. a rock, an open box. Select, generate and effectively use adverbs e.g. suddenly, silently, soon, eventually. Read and analyse fables in order to plan and write their own versions. Create and develop characters for a fable. Discuss and record ideas for planning. Generate and select from vocabulary banks e.g. noun phrases, powerful verbs, synonyms for said appropriate to text type. Group related material into paragraphs. Use further prefixes and understand how to add them. 	 Create complex sentences with adverb starters e.g. Silently trudging through the snow, Sam made his way up the mountain. Use commas to mark clauses in complex sentences. Reading and analysing narrative in order to plan and write their own. Identifying and discussing the purpose, audience, language and structures of narrative for writing. Discussing and recording ideas for planning e.g. story mountain, story map, text map, non-fiction bridge, story board, boxing-up text types to create a plan. Organising paragraphs in narrative and non-fiction. Linking ideas within paragraphs e.g. fronted adverbials for when and where. Generating and select from vocabulary banks e.g. powerful adverbs, adverbial phrases, technical language, persuasive phrases, alliteration appropriate to text type. Proofreading to check for errors in spelling, grammar and punctuation in own and others' writing. Discussing and proposing changes with partners and in small groups. Improving writing in light of evaluation Use further prefixes and understand how to add them.

- Aesop's Fables by Michael Rosen.
- Penguin and Ostrich YouTube clip (here).
- Little Fables The Lion and the Mouse YouTube clip (here).
- Aesop's Fables BBC School Radio (here).
- The Hare and the Tortoise BBC Learning Zone (here).
- Sesame Street: Kermit Reports News on the Tortoise and the Hare YouTube clip (here).
 The Sun and the Wind BBC Learning Zone (here).
- The Town Rat and the Country Rat BBC Learning Zone (here).



Unit of Work: Poems with a structure

Term: Autumn 2 **Length:** 1-2 weeks.

Writing outcome: Poem based on a structure.

Y3 Reading Key Learning	Y4 Reading Key Learning	Y3 Writing Key Learning	Y4 Writing Key Learning
 Listen to and discuss a range of poems with a structure e.g. shape, calligrams, concrete. Read a range of poems and use intonation, tone and volume when reading aloud. Discuss their understanding of poems read. Analyse and evaluate poems looking at language, structure and presentation. Identify, discuss and collect favourite words and phrases which capture the reader's interest. Prepare poems to read aloud, showing understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action. Prepare poems to read aloud by text marking, colour coding and annotating to support rehearsal and performance Using appropriate intonation, tone and volume to present their writing to a group or class. 	 Identify, discuss and collect effective words and phrases which capture the reader's interest and imagination. Explain the meaning of key vocabulary within the context of the text. Demonstrate active reading strategies e.g. generating questions, finding answers, constructing images. Prepare a poem to read aloud, showing understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action. Learn a poem by heart and rehearse for performance. Prepare a poem to perform to the class. Use text marking, colour coding and annotations to support planning and rehearsal. Perform with expression. Prepare poems and play scripts to read aloud, showing understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action. Learn a range of poems by hear and rehearse for performance. Perform their own compositions by: Using appropriate intonation, tone and volume to present their writing to a group or class. 	 Explore and collect word families e.g. medical, medicine, medicinal, medic, paramedic, medically to extend vocabulary. Identify and discuss the purpose, audience, language and structures of poetry for writing. Discuss and record ideas for planning. Generate and select from vocabulary banks e.g. noun phrases, powerful verbs, synonyms. Discussing and proposing changes with partners and in small groups. Improving writing in the light of evaluation. Use appropriate intonation, tone and volume to present their writing to a group or class. Perform their own compositions by: Using appropriate intonation, tone and volume to present their writing to a group or class. 	Explore, identify, collect and use noun phrases e.g. The crumbly cookie with tasty marshmallow pieces melted in my mouth.

- Snake Glides by Keith Bosley.
- The Raindrop by John Travers Moore.
- Word Whirls and other Shape Poems by John Foster.
- Kenn Nesbitt's Poetry 4 Kids How to write concrete poetry (here).
- Angela's Poems Shape Poems or Calligram (here).
- Young Writers Shape Poems (**here**).
- Pie Corbett Writing a Shape Poem YouTube clip (here).
- Coming Home (Robin story) Michael Morpurgo



Unit of Work: Persuasive letters

Term: Autumn 2 Length: 2-3 weeks

Writing outcome: Persuasive letter linked to science, design and technology or physical education.

Y3 Reading Key Learning	Y4 Reading Key Learning	Y3 Writing Key Learning	Y4 Writing Key Learning
 Listen to and discuss a range of letters including persuasive letters. Read a range of letters including persuasive letters. Analyse and evaluate letters by looking at language, structure and presentation. Discuss their understanding of the text. Discuss the purpose of paragraphs. Identify a key idea in a paragraph. Evaluate how specific information is organised within a persuasive letter. Analyse texts looking at structure and presentation eg persuasive letters Possible texts:	 Use suffixes to understand meanings, e.gtion, -sion. Listen to, read and discuss a range of persuasion in different forms e.g. letters, advertisements, leaflets in print and on screen. Identify key points from the text using point and evidence. Analyse and evaluate texts looking at language, structure and presentation. Identify, discuss and collect effective words and phrases which capture the reader's interest and imagination. Analyse and evaluate how specific information is organised within a persuasive text. Navigate texts to locate and retrieve information in print and on screen. Make and respond to contributions in a variety of group situations e.g. whole class, independent reading groups, book circles. 	 Use perfect form of verbs using have and had to indicate a completed action e.g. In Year Three we have been researching the different foods which are healthy. Explore, identify and create complex sentences using a range of conjunctions e.g. if, so, although. Explore and identify main and subordinate clauses in complex sentences. Read and analyse letters in order to plan and write their own. Identify and discuss the purpose, audience, language and structures of persuasive letters. Discuss and record ideas for planning. Group related material into paragraphs. Discuss and propose changes with partners and proofread to check for errors in spelling, grammar and punctuation in own and others' writing. Discuss and propose changes with partners and in small groups. Improve writing in the light of evaluation. 	 Identify, select and effectively use pronouns. Read and analyse persuasive texts in order to plan and write their own versions. Identify and discuss the purpose, audience, language and structures of persuasion. Discuss and record ideas for planning e.g. boxing-up text types to create a plan. Generate and select from vocabulary banks e.g. persuasive phrases, alliteration appropriate to persuasion. Discuss and propose changes with partners and in small groups. Improve writing in light of evaluation. Use appropriate intonation, tone and volume to present their writing to a range of audiences.

Possible texts:

- Rumblewick Letters: My Unwilling Witch by Hiawyn Oram.
- Dear Greenpeace by Simon James.
- Dear Teacher by Amy Husband.
- The Jolly Postman by Allan Ahlberg.
- Letters to Edward by Wendy Body.
- Little Wolf's Book of Badness by Ian Whybrow.
- An Introduction to Letter Writing Reading Rockets website (here).

Persuasion

■ Talk for Writing across the Curriculum: How to teach non-fiction writing 5-12 years by Pie Corbett.

Adverts

Aquafresh toothpaste advert – YouTube clip (here).

Rice Krispies 1996 advert – YouTube clip (here).



Cycle A English Year 3 & 4

Unit of Work: Narrative based on text read.

Term: Spring 1 **Length:** 3-4 weeks.

Writing outcome: Narrative based on story or novel.

Writing outcome: Narrative based on story or novel.			
Y3 Reading Key Learning	Y4 Reading Key Learning	Y3 Writing Key Learning	Y4 Writing Key Learning
 Regularly listen to whole novels read aloud. Use dictionaries to check meanings of words they have read. Sequence and discuss the main events in stories. Explain the meaning of unfamiliar words by using the context. Raise questions during the reading process to deepen understanding e.g. <i>I wonder why she</i> Draw inferences around characters thoughts, feelings and actions, and justify with evidence from the text. Use point and evidence to structure and justify responses. Make and respond to contributions in a variety of group situations e.g. <i>whole class, pairs, guided groups, book circles</i>. Use suffixes to understand meanings eg – ly (meaning in this way): energetically, frantically, gently, nobly, comically. Use suffixes to understand meanings eg ly, ous. 	 Listen to, read and discuss a range of fiction and poetry in different forms e.g. film clips, storytelling, poetry reading. Regularly listen to whole novels read aloud by the teacher. Analyse and compare a range of plot structures. Make predictions based on information stated and implied. Demonstrate active reading strategies e.g. generating questions, finding answers, refining thinking. Draw inferences around characters' thoughts, feelings, actions and motives, and justify with evidence from the text using point and evidence. Identify main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and summarising these e.g. character is evil because 1/2/3 reasons. Make and respond to contributions in a variety of group situations e.g. whole class, independent reading groups, book circles. Use suffixes to understand meanings eg –ation, -tion, -ssion, -cian, -sion. 	 Identify, select, generate and effectively use prepositions for where e.g. above, below, beneath, within, outside, beyond. Use inverted commas to punctuate direct speech (speech marks). Read and analyse narrative in order to plan and write their own versions. Create and develop plots based on a model. Group related material into paragraphs. Proofreading to check for errors in spelling, grammar and punctuation in own and others' writing. Explore and identify main and subordinate clauses in complex sentences. Explore, identify and create complex sentences using a range of conjunctions e.g. if, while, since, after, before, so, although, until, in case. Use inverted commas and other punctuation to indicate direct speech e.g. The tour guide announced, "Be back here at four o' clock." 	 Create complex sentences with adverb starters e.g. 'Silently trudging through the snow, Sam made his way up the mountain.' Use inverted commas and other punctuation to indicate direct speech e.g. 'The tour guide announced, "Be back here at four o' clock."' Read and analyse narrative in order to plan and write their own versions. Discuss and record ideas for planning e.g. story mountain, story board, boxing-up. Develop characterisation using vocabulary to create atmosphere, suspense. Plan and write an opening paragraph which combines the introduction of a setting and character(s). Organise paragraphs in narrative. Link ideas within paragraphs, e.g. complex sentence with adverb starters. Create sentences with fronted adverbials for when e.g. As the clock struck twelve, the soldiers sprang into action. Create sentences with fronted adverbials for where e.g. In the distance, a lone wolf howled.

- Stig of the Dump by Clive King.
- Stig of the Dump: Complete BBC Series (2002).
- Stig of the Dump: 1981 Children's BBC Series YouTube clip (here).
- Stone Age Boy by Satoshi Kitamura.
- Oogo the Cave Boy by Christy Davies.
- Stone Girl, Bone Girl by Laurence Anholt.

- Fossil Girl by Catherine Brighton.
- Stone Soup by Heather Forest (American).
- Ug: Boy Genius of the Stone Age and his Search for Soft Trousers by Raymond Briggs.
- A Day in the Life of a Boy from Ancient Britain from the BBC Hands on History website (here).



Unit of Work: Poems on a Theme

Term: Spring 1 Length: 1-2 weeks.

Writing outcome: Poem learned by heart for performance; create a poem linked to theme with a structure.

Y3 Reading Key Learning	Y4 Reading Key Learning	Y3 Writing Key Learning	Y4 Writing Key Learning
 Use knowledge of root words to understand meanings of words. Read poems for a range of purposes e.g. enjoyment. Recognise some different forms of poetry e.g. narrative, free verse. Identify, discuss and collect favourite words and phrases which capture the reader's interest and imagination. Prepare poems to read aloud, showing understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action. 	 Use punctuation to determine intonation and expression when reading aloud to a range of audiences. Listen to, read and discuss a range of poetry. Explain the meaning of key vocabulary within the context of the text. Demonstrate active reading strategies e.g. generating questions, finding answers, refining thinking, modifying questions, constructing images. Draw inferences around characters' thoughts, feelings, actions and motives, and justify with evidence from the text using point and evidence. Prepare poems to read aloud, showing understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action. 	 Explore and collect word families e.g. medical, medicine, medicinal, medic, paramedic, medically to extend vocabulary. Read and analyse poetry in order to plan and write their own versions. Identify and discuss the purpose, audience, language and structures of poetry for writing. Generate and select from vocabulary banks appropriate to text type. Use appropriate intonation, tone and volume to present their writing to a group or class. 	Use apostrophes for singular and plural possession e.g. the dog's bone and the dogs' bones. bones.

Possible texts:

- The Old Dry Stone Wall by Ann Perrin YouTube clip (here).
- My Teacher Is a Dinosaur: And Other Prehistoric Poems, Jokes, Riddles and Amazing Facts.
- Caveman Manners and Other Polite Poems by David Steinberg.
- Stone themed poems linked to music and creating rhythms/raps from the CanTeach website (here).



Cycle A English Year 3 & 4

Unit of Work: Discussion

Term: Spring 1 Length: 2-3 weeks.

Writing outcome: Discussion presenting different po	Writing outcome: Discussion presenting different points of view.				
Y3 Reading Key Learning	Y4 Reading Key Learning	Y3 Writing Key Learning	Y4 Writing Key Learning		
 Read discussion texts. Discuss their understanding of the text. Analyse and evaluate texts looking at language, structure and presentation e.g. discussion texts. Read books and texts for a range of purposes. Identify a key idea in a paragraph. Evaluate how specific information is organised within a discussion text. Use point and evidence to structure and justify responses. Develop and agree on rules for effective discussion. 	 Use knowledge of root words to understand meanings of words. Listen to, read and discuss a range of fiction, poetry, plays and non-fiction in different forms e.g. advertisements, formal speeches, leaflets, magazines, electronic texts. Analyse and evaluate texts looking at language, structure and presentation. Explain the meaning of key vocabulary within the context of the text. Identify main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and summarising these e.g. character is evil because 1/2/3 reasons; Clitheroe Castle is a worthwhile place to visit because 1/2/3 reasons across a text. Analyse and evaluate how specific information is organised within a non-fiction text e.g. text boxes, sub-headings, contents, bullet points, glossary, diagrams. Explain how paragraphs are used to order or build up ideas, and how they are linked. Navigate texts to locate and retrieve information in print and on screen. 	 Explore, identify and create complex sentences using a range of conjunctions e.g. <i>if, although</i>. Read and analyse discussion texts in order to plan and write their own versions. Identify and discuss the purpose, audience, language and structures of discussion texts for writing. Discuss and record ideas for planning. Generate and select from vocabulary banks e.g. <i>technical language</i>, appropriate to discussion texts. Group related material into paragraphs. Range of discussion texts. Uniform vs non-uniform clip from the BBC Bitesize website (here). Ideas for content linked to cross-curricular contexts, such as volcanoes on the CBBC Newsround website (here). 	 Use commas to mark clauses in complex sentences. Explore, identify and use Standard English verb inflections for writing e.g. We were instead of we was; I was instead of I were; I did instead of I done; She saw it instead of she seen it. Read and analyse non-fiction in order to plan and write their own. Identify and discuss the purpose, audience, language and structures of non-fiction and for writing. Discuss and record ideas for planning e.g. story mountain, story map, text map, non-fiction bridge, story board, boxing-up text types to create a plan. Organise paragraphs in non-fiction. Link ideas within paragraphs. Generate and select from vocabulary banks e.g. powerful adverbs, adverbial phrases, technical language, persuasive phrases, alliteration appropriate to text type. Proofread to check for errors in spelling, grammar and punctuation in own and others' writing. Discuss and propose changes with partners and in small groups. Use appropriate intonation, tone and volume to present their writing to a range of audiences. 		

Possible texts:

- Range of discussion texts.
- Uniform vs non-uniform clip from the BBC Bitesize website (here).
- Ideas for content linked to cross-curricular contexts, such as volcanoes on the CBBC Newsround website (here).

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Cycle A English Year 3 & 4

Unit of Work: Novel as a Theme

Term: Spring 2 Length: 3-4 weeks

Writing outcome: Story based on a plot structure from the focus text or re-written from a different viewpoint.

Y3 Reading Key Learning

Y4 Reading Key Learning

Y3 Writing Key Learning

Y4 Writing Key Learning

- Use knowledge of root words to understand meanings of words.
- Use intonation, tone and volume when reading aloud.
- Listen to and discuss a range of fiction.
- Regularly listen to whole novels read aloud by the teacher.
- Use dictionaries to check meanings of words they have read.
- Sequence and discuss the main events in stories.
- Identify, discuss and collect favourite words and phrases which capture the reader's interest and imagination.
- Explain the meaning of unfamiliar words by using the context.
- Raise questions during the reading process to deepen understanding e.g.
 I wonder why the character ...
- Draw inferences around characters thoughts, feelings and actions, and justify with evidence from the text.
- Use point and evidence to structure and justify responses.
- Make and respond to contributions in a variety of group situations e.g. whole class, pairs, guided groups, book circles.

- Identify, discuss and collect effective words and phrases which capture the reader's interest and imagination e.g. metaphors, similes.
- Explain the meaning of key vocabulary within the context of the text.
- Use dictionaries to check meanings of words in the texts that they read.
- Use punctuation to determine intonation and expression when reading aloud to a range of audiences.
- Make predictions based on information stated and implied.
- Demonstrate active reading strategies e.g. generating questions, finding answers, refining thinking, modifying questions, constructing images.
- Justify responses to the text using the PE prompt (Point + Evidence).
- Identify, analyse and discuss themes e.g. safe and dangerous, just and unjust, origins of the earth, its people and animals.
- Draw inferences around characters' thoughts, feelings, actions and motives, and justify with evidence from the text using point and evidence.

- Select, generate and effectively use adverbs e.g. suddenly, silently, soon.
- Explore, identify and create complex sentences using a range of conjunctions e.g. since, until, in case.
- Read and analyse narrative in order to plan and write own version.
- Identify and discuss the language and structures of narrative for writing.
- Create and develop settings for narratives.
- Create and develop characters for narrative.
- Create and develop plots based on a model.
- Generate and select from vocabulary banks e.g. noun phrases, powerful verbs, appropriate to text type.
- Group related material into paragraphs.

- Read and analyse narrative, non-fiction and poetry in order to plan their own versions.
- Identify and discuss the purpose, audience, structure, vocabulary and grammar of narrative, non-fiction and poetry.
- Discuss and record ideas for planning e.g. story mountain, text map, non-fiction bridge, story board, boxing-up text types to create a plan.

Drafting and Writing

- Develop settings and characterisation using vocabulary to create emphasis, humour, atmosphere, suspense.
- Plan and write an opening paragraph which combines setting and character/s.
- Improvise and compose dialogue, demonstrating their understanding of Standard and non-Standard English.
- Generate and select from vocabulary banks e.g. adverbial phrases, technical language, persuasive phrases, alliteration.
- Use different sentence structures (see VGP).
- Use paragraphs to organise writing in fiction and non-fiction texts.
- Use organisational devices in non-fiction writing, e.g. captions, text boxes, diagram, lists.
- Link ideas across paragraphs using fronted adverbials for when and where e.g. Several hours later..., Back at home... Create complex sentences with adverb starters e.g. Silently trudging through the snow, Sam made his way up the mountain.
- ▶ <u>Use commas to mark clauses in complex</u> sentences.
- Create sentences with fronted adverbials for when e.g. As the clock struck twelve, the soldiers sprang into action.
- Create sentences with fronted adverbials for where e.g. In the distance, a lone wolf howled.

Possible texts:

The Ice Palace by R Swindells

- The Iron Man by Ted Hughes.
- The Iron Woman by Ted Hughes.
- The Iron Giant DVD.



Unit of Work: Recount: Diaries

Term: Spring 2 Length: 1 – 2 weeks

• Writing outcome: Diary entries which include those written:

 from own experience. in role as a character

Y3 Reading Key Learning	Y4 Reading Key Learning	Y3 Writing Key Learning	Y4 Writing Key Learning
Listen to and discuss a range of diaries. Read a range of recounts: diaries. Analyse and evaluate texts looking at language, structure and presentation e.g. diaries. Identify discuss and collect favourite words and phrases which capture the reader's interest and imagination. Discuss their understanding of the text. Make predictions based on details stated. Use point and evidence to structure and justify responses. Make and respond to contributions in a variety of group situations e.g. whole class, pairs, guided groups, book circles.	 Use suffixes to understand meanings e.g. –ation, – tion, –ssion, –cian, -sion. Identify, discuss and collect effective words and phrases which capture the reader's interest and imagination e.g. metaphors, similes. Explain the meaning of key vocabulary within the context of the text. Use dictionaries to check meanings of words in the texts that they read. Use punctuation to determine intonation and expression when reading aloud to a range of audiences. Make predictions based on information stated and implied. Demonstrate active reading strategies e.g. generating questions, finding answers, refining thinking, modifying questions, constructing images. Justify responses to the text using the PE prompt (Point + Evidence). Identify, analyse and discuss themes e.g. safe and dangerous, just and unjust, origins of the earth, its people and animals. Draw inferences around characters' thoughts, feelings, actions and motives, and justify with evidence from the text using point and evidence. 	 Use the determiner 'a' or 'an' according to whether the next word begins with a consonant or vowel e.g. a rock, an open box. Read and analyse diaries in order to plan and write own versions. Draw inferences around characters thoughts, feelings and actions, and justify with evidence from the text. Identify and discuss the language and structures of diaries for writing. 	 Explore, identify and use Standard English verb inflections for writing e.g. We were instead of we was. I was instead of I were, I did instead of I done. She saw it instead of she seen it. Use apostrophes for singular and plural possession e.g. the dog's bone and the dogs' bones. Identify, select and use determiners including: articles: a/an, the demonstratives: this/that; these/those possessives: my/your/his/her/its/our/their quantifiers: some, any, no, many, much, every

- Range of diary extracts.
- Diary models written by the teacher at an appropriate for the class.
 My Secret Scrapbook Diary Little Red Riding Hood Fairy Tale Diaries by Kees Moerbeek.
- The Diary of Dennis the Menace by Stephen Butler.
- Diary of a Wimpy Kid by Jeff Kinney.

Recounts page from the BBC Bitesize website (here).



Unit of Work: Term: Summer 1

Length:

Writing outcome:

Y3 Reading Key Learning	Y4 Reading Key Learning	Y3 Writing Key Learning	Y4 Writing Key Learning
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Possible texts:			